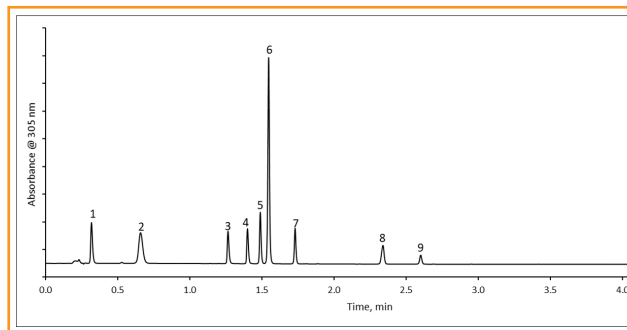
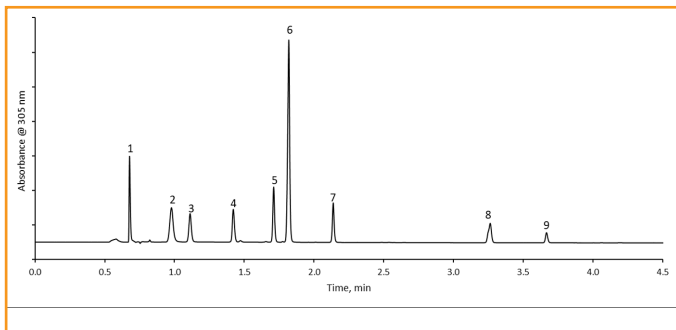




Omeprazole Improvements on HALO® Elevate C18

373A

PEAK IDENTITIES:



1. Related Compound F & G
2. Related Compound B
3. Related Compound E
4. Related Compound A
5. Impurity B
6. Omeprazole
7. Impurity H
8. N¹-Methyl Omeprazole
9. Impurity C

TEST CONDITIONS:

Column: HALO 120 Å Elevate C18, 2.7 μm, 2.1 x 150 mm
 Part Number: 92272-702
 Mobile Phase A: Water + 0.1% Ammonium Hydroxide (pH - 10.6)
 Mobile Phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%B
	0.0	13
	3.3	53
	3.8	53
	3.9	13
	9.0	13

Column: HALO 120 Å Elevate C18, 2.7 μm, 2.1 x 50 mm
 Part Number: 92272-402
 Mobile Phase A: Water + 0.1% Ammonium Hydroxide (pH - 10.6)
 Mobile Phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%B
	0.0	5
	3.0	55
	3.5	55
	3.6	5
	6.0	5

Flow Rate: 0.4 mL/min
 Back Pressure: 311 bar
 Temperature: 60 °C
 Injection: 1 μL
 Sample Solvent: USP Diluent
 Wavelength: PDA, 305 nm
 Flow Cell: 1 μL
 Data Rate: 40 Hz
 Response Time: 0.05 sec.
 LC System: Shimadzu Nexera X2

Flow Rate: 0.4 mL/min
 Back Pressure: 167 bar
 Temperature: 60 °C
 Injection: 1 μL
 Sample Solvent: USP Diluent
 Wavelength: PDA, 305 nm
 Flow Cell: 1 μL
 Data Rate: 40 Hz
 Response Time: 0.05 sec
 LC System: Shimadzu Nexera X2

A separation of omeprazole, related compounds, and impurities is performed on the HALO® Elevate column. Using a high pH compatible stationary phase the separation is completed using a 10 minute linear gradient. With a pKa of 9.3, omeprazole requires high pH in order to get the best separation. By using the Elevate column at a pH of 10.6, a complete separation of 9 different peaks is achieved. This method was improved upon by using DryLab® software, decreasing the runtime from 9 minutes to 6 minutes total. The efficiency of the Fused-Core® particle can be seen in full affect with the decrease in runtime. With the retention of a C18 phase there is room to increase the speed of this separation, improving on the current USP method for omeprazole.